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FAYETTEVILLE STREET,  
over W. C. STRONACH & CO.'S STORE.  
CASH—INvariably in ADVANCE.  
The DAILY NEWS will be delivered to  
subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week,  
payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at 7  
per annum; \$8.50 for six months; \$2 for the  
year. The WEEKLY NEWS at \$2 per annum.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. B. BATCHELOR,  
W. PLUMMER BATCHELOR,  
BATCHELOR, EDWARDS AND  
BATCHELOR,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will attend in the Courts of Wake, Granville, Franklin, Warren, Halifax, Northampton and Chatham, and the Federal and Supreme Courts. Jan 3-14

ALEX. H. SMITH,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining counties. Collections attended to in all parts of the State. Jan 11-14

D R. TURNER,  
DENTIST.

Office on Fayetteville Street,  
Over Williams Book Store.  
mh-7-3m.

W. H. SMITH, GEORGE V. STRONG,  
SMITH & STRONG

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Raleigh, N. C.

Office over Citizens' National Bank,  
Exchange Place. mh-7-6m.

WALTER CLARK, J. M. MULLEN,  
CLARK & MULLEN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts of Halifax and adjoining counties. In the Supreme Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts. Collections made in all parts of North Carolina. mh-7-6m.

S. A. ASH,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Will attend the State and Federal Courts held in the counties of Wake and New Hanover. mh-7-14

ANDREW J. BURTON,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Wake and Halifax, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Claims collected in any part of North Carolina. mh-7-14

D R. JOHNSON & HINES,  
The undersigned having formed a partnership, for the practice of their profession in all its various branches, respectfully offer their services to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country.

Dr. Johnson will always be found at his well known office or residence on Hillsborough street, while Mr. Hines may be found, for the present, at the Albion House of Dr. Johnson's office.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON, M. D.  
PETER E. HINES, M. D.  
de-1-1m  
ED. CONIGLIO, W. M. H. DAY

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

C O N I G L A N D & D A Y,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practice in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining counties—in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts. They will give special attention to collecting and adjusting the accounts of executors, administrators and guardians.

The junior partner will attend at his office in Weidom on Saturdays and Mondays of each week. mh-7-14

B. H. BUNN, SAM'L T. WILLIAMS,  
B U N N & W I L L I A M S ,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.

W I L L I A M S & B U N N ,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
RALEIGH, N. C.

R A L E I G H , N. C.

Business letters may be addressed either to Rocky Mount or Raleigh. mh-7-14

Claims Collected in any part of the State. Practice in the Supreme Court of the State and in the Federal Court at Raleigh. mh-7-14

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES PIRSSON & SON,

Manufacturers of, and Dealers in,

P I A N O F O R T E S .

Cor. of Hargett and Salisbury Sts.,

R A L E I G H , N. C.

TESTIMONIALS.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE, N. C.

April 8th, 1873.

M R. JAS. PIRSSON :

The Piano which I purchased from you in September, 1870, is a very superior one. It has been frequently tested by competent judges, and will give unequivocal testimony to its excellence. I could not ask for a better instrument.

Very Respectfully,

W. G. SIMMONS.

PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED

IN THE

Most Skillful Manner.

PIANOS FOR RENT.

Send for a Circular.

JAMES PIRSSON. E. A. PIRSSON,

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B R O M O - C H L O R A L U M ,

THE BEST DISINFECTANT

At 20-14 SIMPSON'S  
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PRINTING PRESS AND TYPE FOR

SALE.

One Novelty Printing Press, Type and Fixtures complete, with considerable quantity of extra type for sale cheap.

Apply to L. BRANSON'S Bookstore,  
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ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY

FOR JOB WORK will receive prompt attention, and will be executed with neatness and cheapness, at the NEWS office,

Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

mh-7-14

# THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C. SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1873.

VOL. 1.

NO. 237.

## MORNING EDITION:

The Raleigh Daily News.  
SATURDAY.....JANUARY 11, 1873.

Special Notices inserted in the Local Column will be charged Fifteen Cents per line.

All parties ordering the News will please send the money for the time the paper is wanted.

Miss Griffin and Hoffman, Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 4 South Street, Baltimore, Md. are duly authorized to contract for advertisements at our lowest rates. Advertisers in that City are requested to leave their favors with this house.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor

Post Office Directory.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENT.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 7 P. M.

Time of Arrival and Closing the Mails:

Western—Due at 7 A. M. Close at 5:30 P. M.

Eastern—Due at 6 P. M. Close at 6:30 A. M.

Northern via Weldon—Due at 3:30 P. M. Close at 9:15 A. M.

Northern via Greensboro—Due at 7 A. M. Close at 5:30 P. M.

Fayetteville and Chatham Railroad Mail—Due at 9:30 A. M. Close at 3:00 P. M.

No mails received or sent on Sundays. Put all letters for mailing in letter box, as that is the last place we look for them before closing a mail. It is not certain that a letter will leave by first outgoing mail, when it is handed in at general delivery window, or to a Clerk.

Office hours for Money Order and Registered Letter Departments from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

C. J. ROGERS,  
Postmaster.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The Legislature meets on Wednesday next.

Good pork killing weather, but not for ice worth a cent.

H. C. Cowles, Secy and Treasurer of the Western N. C. R. R., is registered at the National.

Special Convocation of Raleigh Chapter R. A. Masons meets to night for work.

A leading field sportsman of this city went for and bagged twelve partridges Thursday.

Prof. Hicks has located himself permanently in the Court House in this city, where he can be found with his medicines at any time.

A gentleman having many years experience as an engineer wishes to procure employment in taking charge of some stationary engine. Address this office.

We were pleased to see in our office yesterday, Capt. Mills H. Eure, of Gates county, a leading member of the Bar of Eastern Carolina. Capt. Eure was a member of the State Senate of 1865-66.

The National Hotel Bar will always be supplied with the best of wines, whiskies and liquors of all kinds, as well as the best of cigars, which will be served up by our young friend Harrison.

E. R. Stanly, Esq., having sufficiently recovered from his late severe illness, will resume his duties as President of the Atlantic & North Carolina R. R. in a few days. So we learn from a gentleman who arrived from Newbern yesterday.

The application for the writ of *habeas corpus* is refused.

NATHANIEL BOYDEN,  
Ass. Justice Sup. Court.

Raleigh, N. C., January 9th, 1873.

SUPREME COURT.—Court met yesterday at 9 A. M. All of the Judges were present.

The only case argued before the court was from the 2nd Judicial District.

John G. Blount vs. R. C. Windley *et al.*, Beaufort county. E. G. Haywood for plaintiff and Phillips & Merrimon for defendant.

This is a case of much interest, involving some very important points of law. The question involved is whether after the Commissioners of a Bank, appointed under the act of 1868, for the purpose of allowing the banks to go into liquidation, had obtained a judgment against a debtor of the bank, such debtor could purchase the notes of the bank<sup>2</sup> and use them as a set off against such judgment.

Mr. Haywood, counsel for plaintiff, is contending that the acts allowing bank notes to be used as set off against the claims of the bank does not embrace this case, but if they do, then the acts are unconstitutional.

The case was argued at considerable length by Mr. Haywood, Mr. Phillips having delivered his argument at the last term of the court.

The decision is looked for with great interest, as many other cases of the same nature are doubtless pending in litigation.

The consideration of appeals from the 2nd District will be reserved to-day.

IN SEARCH OF LABOR.—Mr.—

Thompson, a prominent and leading planter of Wilson county, is in this city for the purpose of hiring hands for his cotton farm in that county. We do not object to our laborers going to other counties in the State, but seriously regret their departure from the State.

POSTPONED.—Mr. C. B. Harrison advertises this morning that he has postponed the sale of the lots, advertised to be sold to-day, until Saturday next, the 18th inst. Parties wanting to purchase will examine them in the meantime.

HOUSE TO LET.—A capital chance to rent a comfortable house on Newbern Avenue is now offered. See the advertisement in to-day's issue.

THE CASE OF THE NOTORIOUS JOHN ALLEN KETCHY—AN IMPORTANT DECISION BY JUDGE BOYDEN.—The circumstances connected with the above named case are thus stated by the "Sentinel" in its yesterday's issue:

"The notorious John Allen Ketchy, as many of our readers will remember, was convicted some years ago at Guilford Court of horse stealing, and sentenced to seven years in the Penitentiary, but escaped from Guilford jail, and remained at large until the Christmas holidays when he was arrested near Salisbury by Messrs. Samuel Reeves, Jr., John Beard and D. L. Bringle, and placed in Rowan jail. Afterwards G. Haughton, Mayor of Salisbury, issued his warrant for Ketchy, charging him with a rape upon the person of a very respectable young lady last summer, and being adjudged, on an examination had before him, that there was probable cause, committed him for the capital offense to the jail of Rowan. Thereupon the sheriff of Guilford made application to Mr. Justice Boyden, of the Supreme Court, for a writ of *habeas corpus* so as to enable him to take Ketchy out of the hands of the sheriff of Rowan, to the end that he might be carried to the Penitentiary to serve out his sentence for horse stealing, and setting forth in his petition substantially the facts we have stated. Judge Boyden, by consent, retained the petition until after he came here to attend to his duties in the Supreme Court, and has just decided, that as between the sheriffs of Rowan and Guilford, Ketchy must remain in the custody of the sheriff of Rowan."

After arriving in the city, Judge Boyden rendered his decision as follows:

In this case it appears in the petition, that the prisoner, John Allen Ketchy, has been convicted of the crime of larceny in the Superior Court of Guilford, and sentenced to five years imprisonment at hard labor in the Penitentiary at Raleigh. It further appears that when in custody of the Sheriff, and before he had been delivered to the Keeper of the Penitentiary, the said prisoner made his escape; and while at large he is charged with having committed a capital felony in the county of Rowan, and that for this alleged offence the said prisoner has been arrested and regularly committed to the custody of the jail of Rowan county, there to await his trial for the alleged felony, to wit: for the crime of rape, and where he is now held in custody. The application for the writ of *habeas corpus* is on the part of the Sheriff of Guilford, from whose custody he escaped, for the purpose, as he states in his petition, of delivering the said prisoner to the Keeper of the Penitentiary.

Upon the above statement of facts, I am of opinion that the petitioner is not entitled to the custody of said prisoner, for the purpose alleged; but so far as this application is concerned, the said John Allen Ketchy must be retained in custody where he is now confined, there to await his trial for the crime for which he has been committed; and should he be convicted, he must then undergo the penalty denounced against the crime of rape; but should he be acquitted of this charge, he will then be sent to the prison at Raleigh, there to suffer the imprisonment at hard labor for the term fixed in his sentence by the judgment upon his conviction of the crime of larceny.

I will here further remark, that in my opinion, the Sheriff of Guilford will be entitled to the same relief, if any, so far as the escape is concerned, as the confinement, at the instance of the State, in the jail of Rowan, as he would be had he obtained the custody of the prisoner and delivered him to the keeper of the penitentiary.

The application for the writ of *habeas corpus* is refused.

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# The Raleigh Daily News.

JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.  
SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, Political Editor.  
SATURDAY.....JANUARY 11 1873.

## EMIGRATION.

We regret to see a disposition on the part of our citizens in different sections of the State to leave North Carolina in search of better homes.

We published an item a few days since, showing that one hundred and twelve white persons had purchased emigration tickets at one depot on the North Carolina Road; and our informant stated that large numbers of such tickets were being constantly sold at many points on the same road.

The experience of thousands who, after journeying to other States, have returned impoverished and dissatisfied to spend the remainder of their days in the Old North State, should be a sad warning to those who are afflicted with the emigration fever, and who are deluded by the flattering and deceptive stories of travellers or interested persons, in regard to the superior advantages of other States and territories.

The fact that a large majority of those who leave North Carolina, generally seek the first opportunity to come back to their old homes, is the best evidence that our State, take it all in all, is the best place which has yet been found for contentment and happiness.

As immigration is one of the greatest needs of the State, so emigration is one of the greatest evils. While we advocate the former as calculated to add to our productive power, to increase our population, to augment our capital, to develop our resources, to advance the material interests and to promote the general prosperity of the State, on the same principle we oppose emigration as having a directly contrary tendency, and as highly injurious in draining North Carolina of her chief recuperative means—her hardy and industrious native citizens.

We invite immigration from other States and from Europe. We desire to see our population rapidly augmented by the influx of thrifty, moral, energetic and enterprising citizens from other parts of the world, but all the fruits of immigration will turn to ashes on our lips, if a spirit of dissatisfaction shall seize our own people to such an extent as to cause them to seek happiness and prosperity in other lands.

North Carolina has the capabilities of becoming a great and wealthy State, and when her advantages are thoroughly known and appreciated, the tide of immigration will be turned towards her borders, and her every interest will advance with rapid and unprecedented strides.

## GOV. CALDWELL AND THE CARPET-BAGGERS.

From an extract from the Tribune, which we have commented on elsewhere, that paper seems to be under the impression that our Governor is a carpet-bagger.

It is true Governor Caldwell was President of the Senate when all the carpet-bag rascality was going on—when Littlefield, Dewees, Ladd, Pilgrim, Ashley, French *et al.*, have long since taken their flight to richer and more inviting fields. A few still linger behind, but they too will be long bid us a final adieu. North Carolina has been robbed and plundered by them to such an extent that there is but little left to steal, and when the people of the State, in 1870, rose up in their wrath, and at the ballot box put the seal of their condemnation upon the whole-sale corruption, bribery and swindling which distinguished the short but inglorious reign of carpet-bagism, the foreign political adventurers fell into bad odor in the State, and have been unable to wield any influence since.

No, Mr. Tribune, Caldwell is no more a carpet-bagger in North Carolina than Gov. Dix is in New York, and if our Governor, "with the inauguration oath lingering on his lips," did talk a little too much about the office and the distribution of patronage, he did not mean any harm by it, but only desired to be fashionable, and to keep up with the progressive spirit of the age. For it is not the age of office-seeking, and does not our Governor understand human nature well enough to know the innate corruption of the human heart, and how it thirsts and pants after the loaves and fishes?

What though the Governor has less than half a dozen unimportant appointments to make, not the principle the same? Then why should the Tribune criticise him so severely?

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We notice that our enterprising friend Bonitz, of the Goldsboro *Messenger*, has recently enlarged his excellent paper. This is an evidence that the people of Wayne and adjoining counties appreciate this valuable journal, which is well worthy of the success which it has so magnificently achieved.

## EXIT NYE.

"Jim Nye, the jester of the Senate," has been thrown overboard by the Republicans of Nevada, and one Jones has been nominated to succeed him in the Senate.

Senator Nye is not the Bill Nye of Chinese fame, but is said to be a near relative.

## CALDWELL AND DIX CONTINUED.

It may not be necessary to state that we were not especially well pleased at the election of Gen. Dix to be Governor of New York. But on reading the dispatches which gave an account of the inaugurations at Albany and at Raleigh, we will all have reason to congratulate ourselves that it was not we who elected Mr. Caldwell. Governors Dix and Hoffman made neat speeches to each other, full of courtesy and tact, making no references to anything disagreeable, and entirely free from any suggestion of partisanship. The late Governor alluded to the present Governor's wide experience and the veteran complimented his predecessor's administration as "able and satisfactory," a phrase which will not be considered sound in good party organs. Turning from this cheerful tableau to the land of the carpet-bag, we see Gov. Caldwell talking about nothing but the distribution of offices. With the inauguration oath lingering on his lips, he hastened to assure his political friends that he intended to remember those who had voted for him.—*New York Tribune.*

The Tribune does Gov. Caldwell unintentional injustice by referring to a portion only of his remarks. True the burden of the Governor's inaugural was about the distribution of offices, but he told his audience he would not confine himself to his party, unless perchance he should find in it enough men of intelligence, education and honesty to fill all the vacant places he had to fill. To advocate it merely because it may be popular, would be to establish a dangerous principle in politics.

A division of land among the landless, would also be popular; the proposition would sweep the State; on the novel principle enunciated by Subcriber, the Conservative party should, therefore, at once, in the measures to divide out the \$100,000,000 of real property in North Carolina among those who are not landowners!

Fortunately the constitution protects the landowners from such a move; and in like manner the constitution protects the bondholder from repudiation.

Neither agrarianism nor repudiation is practicable.

We are disposed to agree with the Governor in his estimate of his political supporters, and we think the remarks of the Radical correspondent of the *New North State*, who pitched into the Governor with gloves off, uncalled for and unnecessarily harsh. If the Governor does think he cannot find competent persons in his own party, has he not a right to say so, without provoking the wrath of the Radicals?

The Tribune's remarks might induce strangers, who are unacquainted with the leading politicians in North Carolina, to believe that North Carolina was still ruled by the carpet-baggers, and that Caldwell himself belonged to that migratory tribe.

The Governor belongs to the genus *scelus*, and is to "the manor born."

The leading carpet-baggers, such as Littlefield, Dewees, Ladd, Pilgrim, Ashley, French *et al.*, have long since taken their flight to richer and more inviting fields. A few still linger behind, but they too will be long bid us a final adieu.

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## [For the Daily News. Reply to "A Subcriber" on Repudiation.

We have read the communication of A Subcriber from Stokes county, in your issue of the 9th, in advocacy of Repudiation, and containing strictures on the articles concerning the Public Debt, lately published in your valuable paper.

Subcriber's display of zeal and earnestness in the cause he has espoused would be refreshing, were not the subject matter of deep concern to our people—and were the object which he aims to effect not of doubtful policy, to say the least of it. He certainly is orthodox in his views—after the definition of a distinguished evangelist, who held it to be right! It is finds but little difficulty even in deciding that the entire Conservative party failed to comprehend the grand popular triumph of 1870, and insists that the party Shibboleth should be repudiated.

With deference we submit, that repudiation has never been an issue in North Carolina—nor should it be. To advocate it merely because it may be popular, would be to establish a dangerous principle in politics.

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## MR. TRUMBULL'S SUCCESSOR.

Gov. Oglesby has been nominated by the caucus of the Republican Legislators of Illinois, to succeed Senator Trumbull, whose term expires on the fourth of March next.

Mr. Trumbull is one of the ablest lawyers and best debaters in the United States Senate, and his retirement from the Senate will be a public loss. Although a Republican, Mr. Trumbull has opposed many of the schemes of the Radical leaders, and was one of the strongest advocates of the Liberal cause.

## EXIT NYE.

"Jim Nye, the jester of the Senate," has been thrown overboard by the Republicans of Nevada, and one Jones has been nominated to succeed him in the Senate.

Senator Nye is not the Bill Nye of Chinese fame, but is said to be a near relative.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**N O T I C E .**

In the mean time the public is invited to examine the premises.

jan 11-DW C. B. HARRISON.

**M E E T I N G O F T H E T R U S T E E S O F T H E U N I V E R S I T Y .**

There will be a meeting of the Trustees of the University in the Executive Office, on Wednesday the 13th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M.

A full meeting is desired to be had.

TOD R. CALDWELL.

Governor and President of the Board of Trustees.

Ja 10-1w3w

WAYNE ALLCOTT'S

dec-11

W. C. STRONACH

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Of the CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, of Raleigh, North Carolina, at the close of business, 27th December, 1872.

## RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts.....	\$ 302,081.78
Overdrafts.....	6,900.00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....	100,000.00
Due from redeeming and reserve agents.....	71,918.45

# The Raleigh Daily News.

SATURDAY.....JANUARY 11, 1873

## NORTH CAROLINA.

Enfield has three steam cotton gins. The Good Templars of Durham number 60.

Newbern is to masquerade on the 14th inst.

Ouslow is shipping good beef to Washington.

Mrs. Oates makes her appearance in Washington next week.

A deer, weighing 100 pounds, was killed near Enfield last week.

Madame Janauschek is to delight the Wilmingtonians on the 20th inst.

One hundred and twenty eight marriage licenses were issued in Forsythe county in 1872.

Mr. Samuel Radcliffe has been made Chief Engineer of the Newbern Fire Department.

The *Robesonian* with its next issue enters its 4th volume. May it live to have a thousand.

Four white women were lodged in the Forsythe county jail last week for having a negro.

The wife of John B. Tillery, Esq., of Halifax, died in that county on Thursday of last week.

They are talking of forming a new county by the name of "Nabants," out of portions of Wayne, Johnston and Wilson.

The Conference of the M. E. Church, North, convened in Charlotte on Wednesday. Bishop E. R. Ames, of Baltimore, presided.

A railroad between Lumberton and Fayetteville, as a branch of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad, is talked of.

Mariboro, Pitt county, has been troubled with a band of negro sneak thieves. A number of them have been arrested.

The badly mangled body of a white man was found on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, 19 miles from Wilmington, on Wednesday morning.

Davy Smith, Esq., an old and respectable citizen of Stokes, was drowned at Buck Island Ford, near Danbury, on Friday of last week, while attempting to cross Dan river.

Col. A. A. McCoy, President of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association, proposes at an early date to start a Farmer's Bank, to be controlled exclusively by farmers.

A big Railroad meeting takes place at Snow Hill, Greene county, on the 31st inst., to consider the proposition to build a Railroad from Goldsboro via Snow Hill, to Greenville, Pitt county.

The ladies of the Israelitish faith in Wilmington, have formed an association to be known as the "Concordia," the object of which is to aid in obtaining funds to build a Synagogue in that city.

A colored man in Lumberbridge Township, Robeson county, died recently at the age of 110. His name was Thomas Shaw. He always voted the Democratic ticket, and his last ballot was cast for Horace Greeley.

On the 6th of January, 1766—106 years ago—says the *People's Press*, (Salem) the first tree was felled in that place, erecting the first dwelling in that place. The building is yet standing, somewhat enlarged, however, and occupied as a pot shop by Mr. Henry Shaffer.

An Irishman by the name of Michael Dooley, on Monday evening last, near Marlboro, Pitt county, was set upon by a white man named Manning and two negroes, knocked down, stabbed several times and robbed of \$25. The parties have been arrested, and Dooley is in a critical condition.

## Singular Will Case.

Dr. Ralph V. Aulick, a son of Commodore Aulick, died very suddenly at his father's house, in Washington city, some months ago, in the family believing at the time that he was unmarried. On the following morning a young lady, employed at the Treasury Department, and known as Miss Oldier, hearing the announcement of his death, read from a newspaper, faintly, and it was soon made known that the deceased was her husband. In October last, the will of the deceased, made in Philadelphia in May last, was filed in the Probate Court, by which he left his property, consisting of ten shares of Cincinnati Gaslight Company stock, worth nearly \$30,000, to his widow.

The father of the deceased filed a caveat to the will, and the Judge ordered that issue be made for trial at the present Court. The counsel for the caveator, after preliminary remarks, said the family had come to the conclusion not to interpose further objections to the probate to the will. The counsel for the widow said there was now no cause to take but to obtain a verdict, and a jury was accordingly sworn, and the issue being read, they returned a verdict that the testator was of sound mind at the time of making the will, and that it was not procured by fraud, artifice or undue influence.

The printing of pictures by a new method, known as the Heliotype process, is attracting much attention just now. The following will give an idea of how it is done: A sheet of gelatine treated with bichromate of potash, which renders it sensitive to light, is printed under an ordinary photographic negative. When the picture appears sufficiently plain the gelatine is taken and made to adhere by atmospheric pressure to a plate. The plate, with the gelatine attached, is placed in an ordinary platen-printing press, and inked with ordinary lithographic ink. As in lithography, it is necessary to dampen the plate with water after every impression. Fifteen hundred impressions have been taken without injuring the plate, and if injured, is replaced at a cost of a few cents. The process is in fact, what has long been sought—photographic printing. It can be applied to the protection of facsimiles of every variety of picture and engraving, rare prints, portraits, trade circulars, and can be even used in pottery and its kindred arts.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Small tenements are in demand in Petersburg.

There is in Lynchburg a Hebrew Benevolent Society.

Petersburg is trying to induce Joe Jefferson to make it a visit.

Janauschek is to honor Petersburg with her presence on the 15th inst.

A company for the manufacturer of ice is about to start in Richmond.

The coal mines in Chesterfield county are all submerged from the recent rains.

The rats in Staunton are dying in large numbers, of a mysterious disease.

Mr. C. Chauncy Burr, N. Y., proposes soon to give a series of scientific lectures in Richmond.

Wm. Bowman fell dead a short distance from Edinburg, while eating breakfast, on the 30th.

The wife of a colored member of the Virginia Legislature recently gave birth to a brood of five children.

A colored magistrate in Henrico county was fined the other day \$1 for exacting an unlawful fee.

The explosion of a gasoline lamp in Norfolk the other day, came very near causing the death of a Mrs. Anderson.

A Petersburg gentleman has been affectionately remembered in the will of a bond recent in Europe, to the tune of \$6,000.

The Court house and jail of Surry county was destroyed by fire on the 2nd inst. A lunatic confined in the jail caused the fire.

There were fifteen applications to the Norfolk City Council for the position of Janitor of the City Hall, made vacant by the death of Mr. Thomas.

Edward Ball, a native of Fair tax county, was recently killed by a railroad accident in Ohio. He had been a member of Congress, and had held other high positions.

A negro boy, giving the name of Wm. Smith, supposed to have murdered Emanuel Price, in Pasquotank county, county, N. C., some time since, was arrested in Norfolk on Wednesday.

The Supreme Court of Appeal, Richmond, commenced on Wednesday, the consideration of the well known Levy vs. Levy case, which involves the title to the famous Monticello property.

The John's Mountain Iron Company, of Giles county, has been chartered by Judge Mahood, with a capital stock of \$30,000, with leave to the corporators to increase to \$60,000. The object of the company is mining and manufacturing, smelting and refining iron.

From the Indianapolis Sentinel. A Horrible Story—What an Engineer Did with a Man who Disarranged a Railroad Track.

As the day of Cluck's execution approaches, horrible and ghastly topics are discussed in work shops, around the evening stove, in the corner grocery, and in many place of public resort. Children shudder, and cling closer to their mother's knee, as the garrulous old visitor narrates some story of a hanging, or the details of dark crime that occurred when she was a girl. The solemn, the mysterious and the superstitious, which always surround a hanging, seems to be in the air; and, although the topic is a disgusting one, it must be confessed—not to the credit of humanity—that a morbid appetite in the public craves and demands the minute detail of the horrible barbarity. One of the many recalled stories which are borne upon the very wind the following was told to a *Sentinel* reporter a night or two ago, and, to add to the horrid surroundings of the story, he was in a coffin shop, viewing the coffin which is to contain the last remains of the murderer Cluck. The story may be a true one; more likely it is false, but it is given as it was detailed, and it may be that some one is still living that may remember the circumstances and write the tale. Some years ago there was a well known engineer, whose name is not given for good and sufficient reasons, who ran a passenger train on one of the most popular and most travelled roads that run out of Indianapolis. At a certain place on the road, every night for about a week, as the passenger train ran by and this engineer came thundering along, it was certain to be thrown from the track by obstructions placed there. Several of these mishaps to the train caused loss of life, and the company was becoming considerably alarmed, and the ability of the engineer was being seriously questioned. One night as the unfortunate train was nearing the fatal spot, the engineer, who had been sitting, gazing and silent at the throttle, turned to his fireman and said: "If this train jumps the track at that place to-night, you follow me; don't stop for anything, but keep close after me. Somebody has thrown this train off the track, and I am going to catch him."

When the train arrived at the usual place it struck a misplaced rail and was banked. The engineer, closely followed by the fireman, jumped from the engine and ran into a cornfield and started up a man that lay concealed there. Upon bringing the culprit back to the wreck the enraged passengers wanted to lynch him, but the engineer, a stern, cold, determined man, prevented them, saying that he would take charge of him, and through the intercession of the conductor, the trembling wretch was left in charge of the engineer. The train was righted and was soon speeding on its way. The prisoner who had confessed his fiendishness, had been seated on the engine and the fireman placed beside him as a guard. When the train was on a smooth piece of track, bowling along at the speed of twenty-five miles an hour, the engineer picked up a round stick of wood and struck the criminal such a blow upon the head that it stunned him. He then caught the quivering form of the poor wretch, and, opening the furnace doors, threw his body into the hot, seething hell of flames. The doors were shut, the train rattled along, and never, until upon his death-bed, did the engineer confess the act, was it ascertained what had been the fate of the wretch who had been in the habit of throwing the train off the track.

THE PRINTING OF PICTURES BY A NEW METHOD, KNOWN AS THE HELIOTYPE PROCESS, IS ATTRACTING MUCH ATTENTION JUST NOW. THE FOLLOWING WILL GIVE AN IDEA OF HOW IT IS DONE: A SHEET OF GELATINE TREATED WITH BICHROMATE OF POTASH, WHICH RENDERES IT SENSITIVE TO LIGHT, IS PRINTED UNDER AN ORDINARY PHOTOGRAPHIC NEGATIVE. WHEN THE PICTURE APPEARS SUFFICIENTLY PLAIN THE GELATINE IS TAKEN AND MADE TO ADHERE BY ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE TO A PLATE. THE PLATE, WITH THE GELATINE ATTACHED, IS PLACED IN AN ORDINARY PLATEN-PRINTING PRESS, AND INKED WITH ORDINARY LITHOGRAPHIC INK. AS IN LITHOGRAPHY, IT IS NECESSARY TO DAMPEN THE PLATE WITH WATER AFTER EVERY IMPRESSION. FIFTEEN HUNDRED IMPRESSIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN WITHOUT INJURING THE PLATE, AND IF INJURED, IS REPLACED AT A COST OF A FEW CENTS. THE PROCESS IS IN FACT, WHAT HAS LONG BEEN SOUGHT—PHOTOGRAPHIC PRINTING. IT CAN BE APPLIED TO THE PROTECTION OF FACSIMILES OF EVERY VARIETY OF PICTURE AND ENGRAVING, RARE PRINTS, PORTRAITS, TRADE CIRCULARS, AND CAN BE EVEN USED IN POTTERY AND ITS KINDRED ARTS.

140 BAGS CHAMPION FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR. 20 Sacks Graham Flour to-day. W. C. STRONACH.

## COMMERCIAL REPORT.

### WHOLESALE PRICES.

The quotations contained in the report below are based upon actual sales, and are obtained by our reporter from the most reliable merchants in the city.

The quotations represent wholesale prices only.

DAILY NEWS OFFICE, January 11, 1873.

COTTON.

Market quiet. Receipts yesterday 135, with sales of low middling at 12 1/2%; good ordinary at 11 1/2%; ordinary at 11.

General Market.

SALT—Firm and high 8 1/2¢ to 9 1/2¢.

BUTTER—Good to choice mountain 25¢ to 30¢.

Eggs—33¢.

MEAT—Pork—We quote A 16¢; B 18¢; Extra C 18 1/2¢; C Yellow, 12¢.

MEAT—Hog—Shoulders—shoulders 7¢; boned sides 6¢; bulk sides 8¢; bulk shoulder 8¢; bulk sides 7 1/2¢; Virginia Hams 20¢ to 25¢.

MEAT—Lamb—We quote A 16¢; B 18¢; Extra C 18 1/2¢.

MEAT—Pork—Hams—shoulders 7¢; boned sides 6¢; bulk sides 8¢; bulk shoulder 8¢; bulk sides 7 1/2¢; Virginia Hams 20¢ to 25¢.

MEAT—Lamb—We quote A 16¢; B 18¢; Extra C 18 1/2¢.

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MEAT—Pork—Hams—shoulders 7¢; boned sides 6¢; bulk sides 8¢; bulk shoulder 8¢; bulk

